

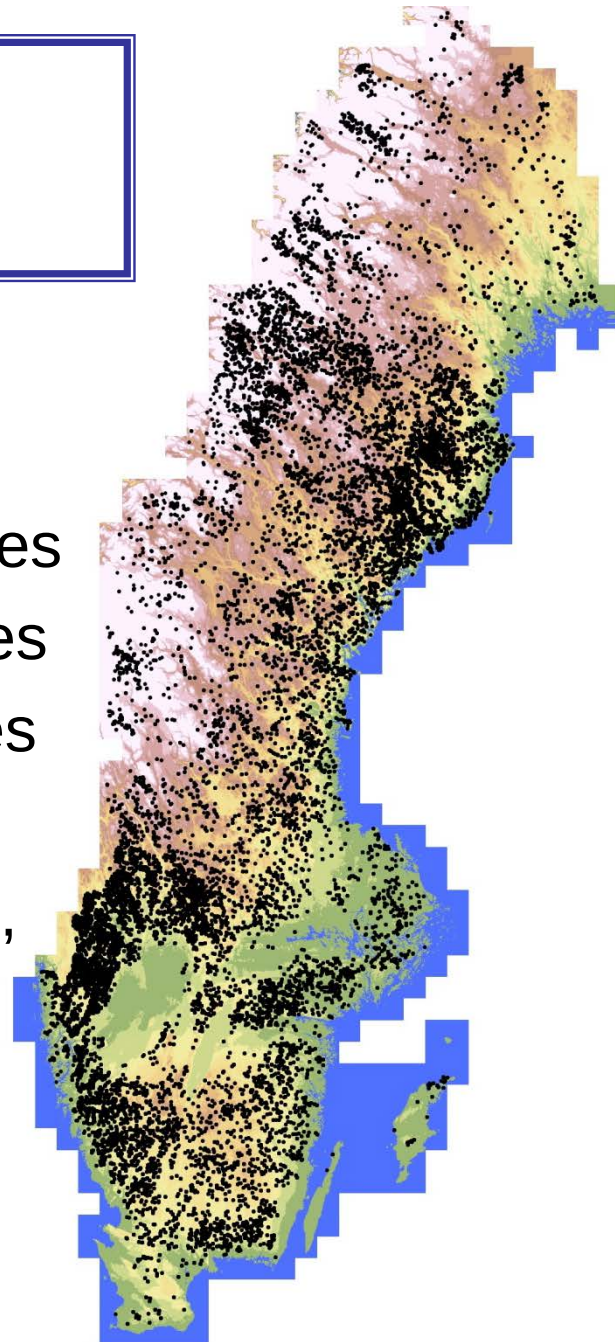
PIKE - en fiskdatabas



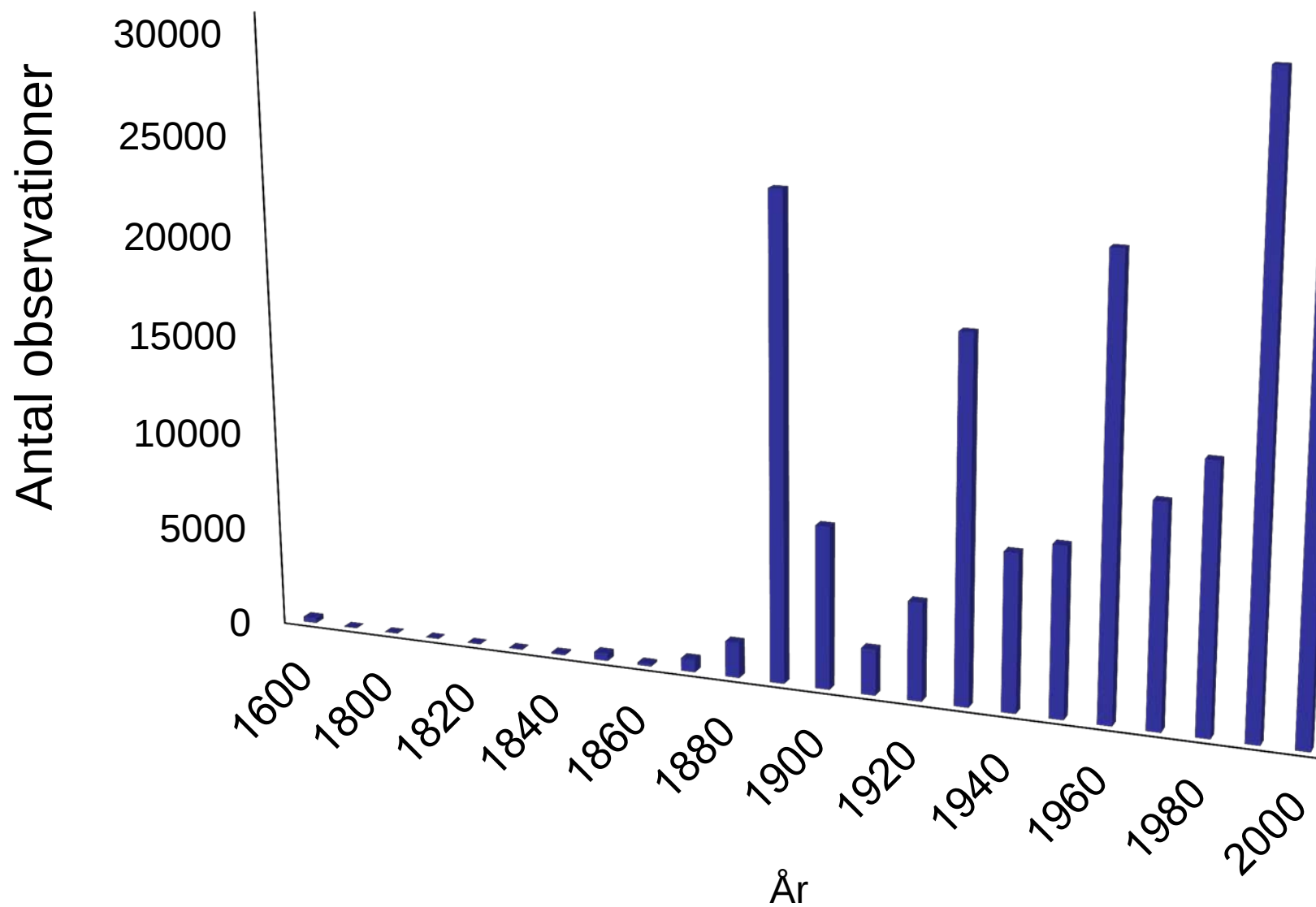
Göran Englund, Ekologi, miljö och geovetenskap, Umeå Universitet

PIKE

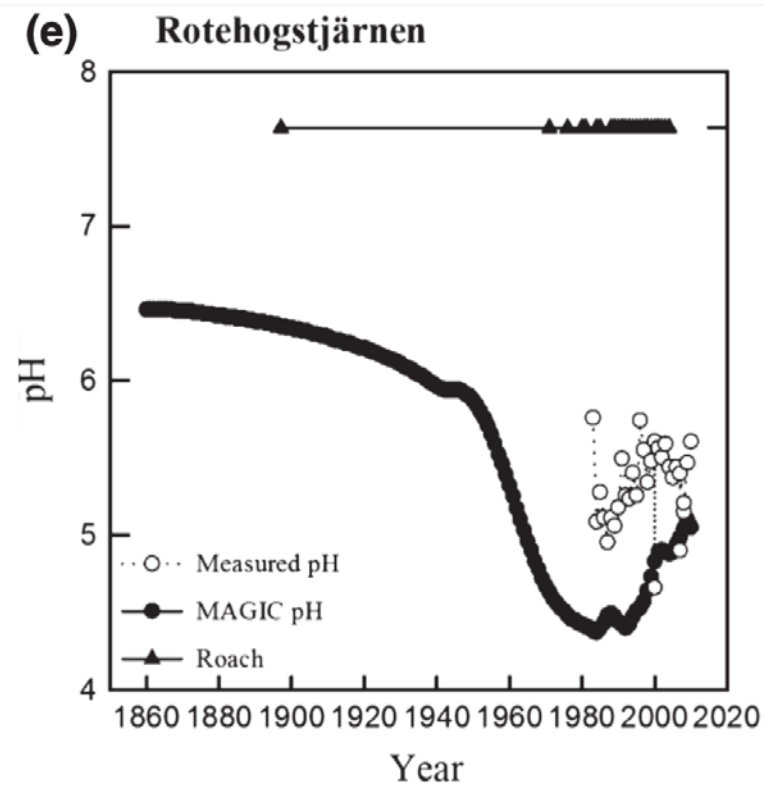
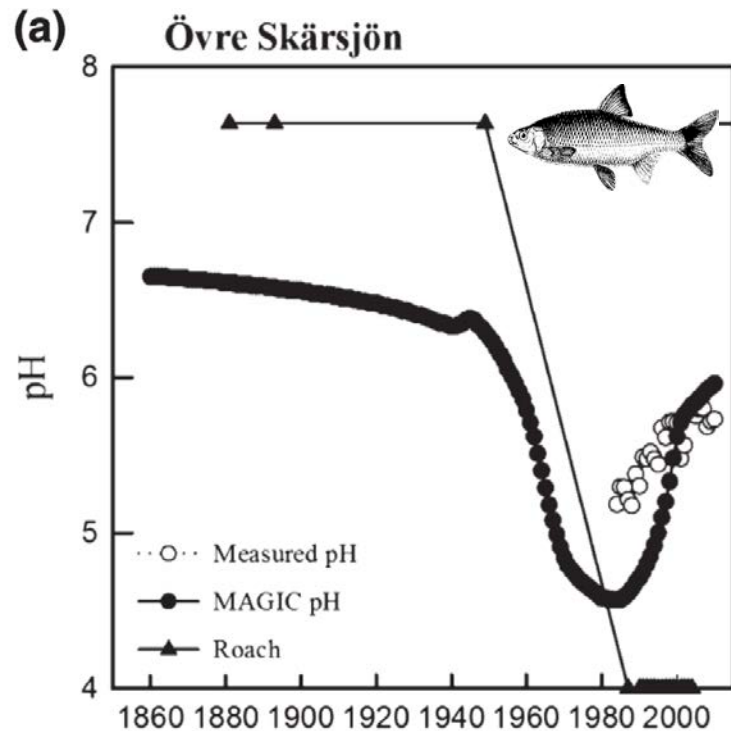
- Species composition > 19000 lakes
- Species introductions > 3000 lakes
- Rotenone treatments > 2000 lakes
- Water chemistry
- Geographic information – altitude, lake area, depth, dispersal barriers.....



Historiska data



Mört vs MAGIC



Rotehogstjärnen

Identify from:

<Top-most layer>

Export_Output_2 Events

1897 European eal Presence

1897 Perch Presence

1897 Pike Presence

1897 Roach Presence

1971 Empty Presence

1971 Perch Presence

1971 Pike Presence

1971 Roach Presence

1976 Empty Presence

1976 Perch Presence

1976 Pike Presence

1976 Roach Presence

1980 Perch Presence

1980 Roach Presence

1981 Empty Presence

1981 Perch Presence

1981 Pike Presence

1981 Roach Presence

1984 Empty Presence

1984 Perch Presence

1984 Pike Presence

1984 Roach Presence

1985 Empty Presence

1985 Perch Presence

1985 Pike Presence

1985 Roach Presence

1988 Empty Presence

1988 Perch Presence

1988 Pike Presence

1988 Roach Presence

1989 Empty Presence

1989 Perch Presence

1989 Pike Presence

1989 Roach Presence

1990 Empty Presence

1990 Perch Presence

1990 Roach Presence

1991 Empty Presence

1991 Perch Presence

1991 Pike Presence

1991 Roach Presence

1992 Empty Presence

1992 Perch Presence

Location:

1 257 830.000 6 529 020.000 Me

Field Value

OID 89463

LakeID 36498

Name Rotehogstjärnen

Expr1 1897 European eal Presence

year_prci 0

Native Native

Comment

Area 16.4788

Sum_of_Tem 1267

Altitude 120

Max_depth 9.133333

Source_ID 330

Source Fiskeriverket - SÖLAB

Contact_in Kerstin Holmgren / Olof Filipsson.

Observatio Archive - interview

Knowledge

Reliabilit 2

Expr1008

Expr1009

Expr1010

Expr1011

Y 6529020

X 1257830

Latitude 58.815003

Longitude 11.612455

Species European eal

Year 1897

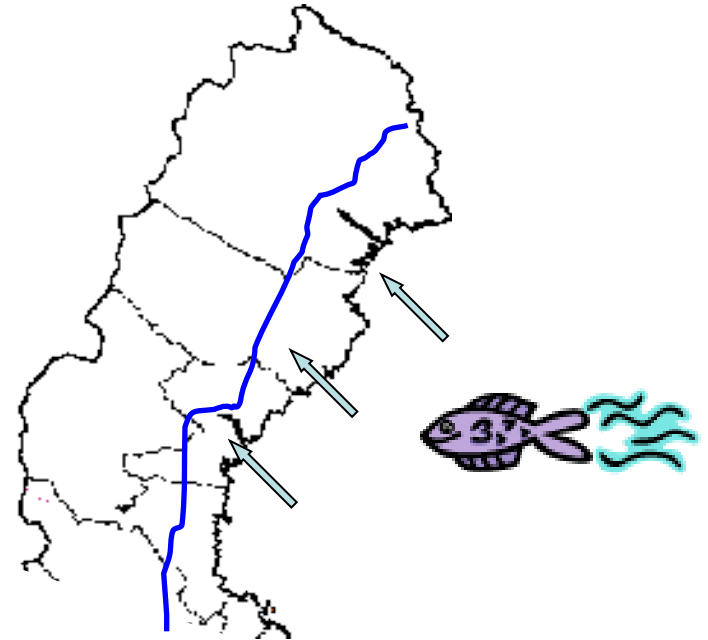
Type Presence

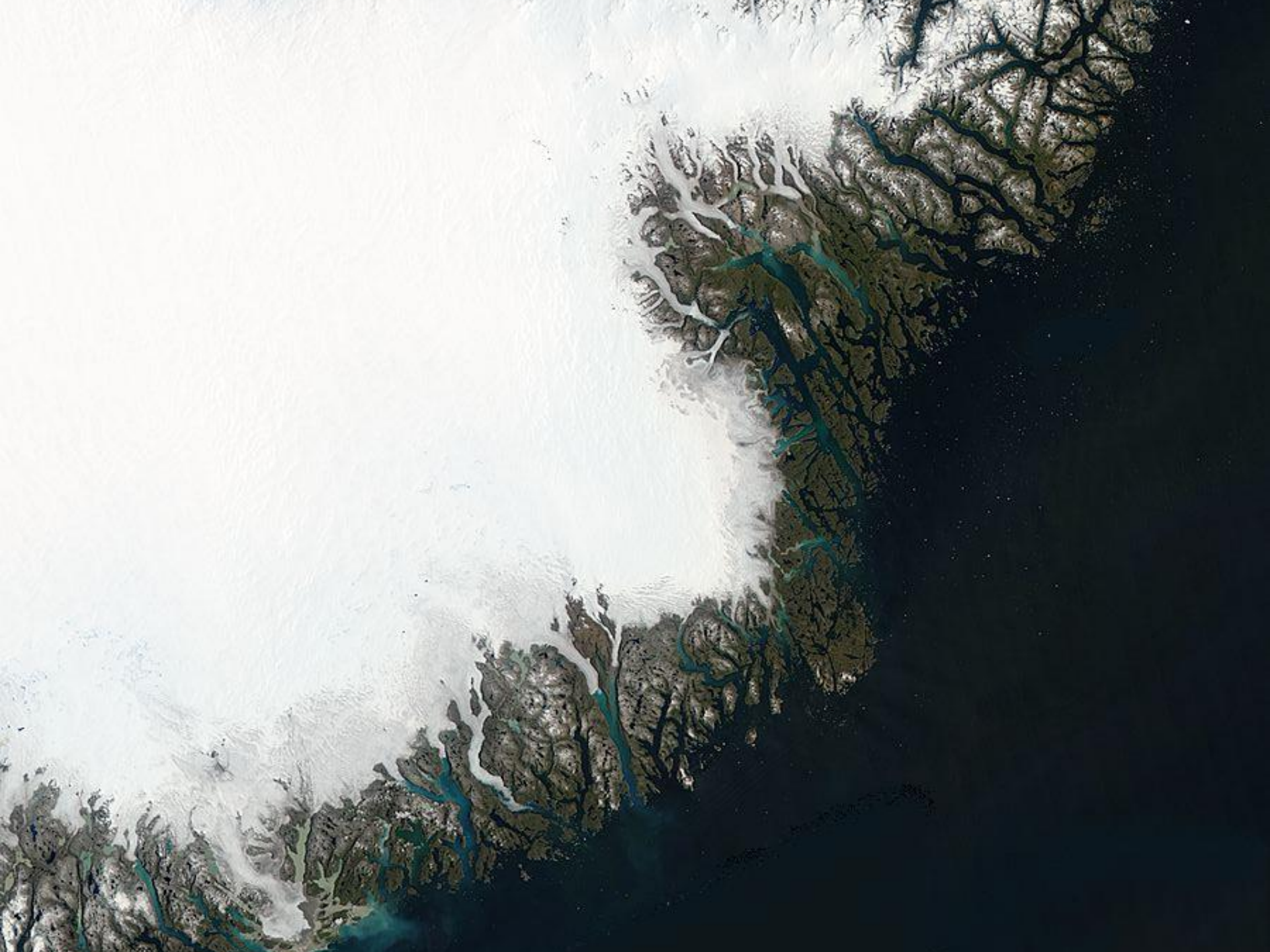
Shape Point

Vad bestämmer fiskars utbredning?

Varför saknas en art?

- spridning?
- överlevnad?







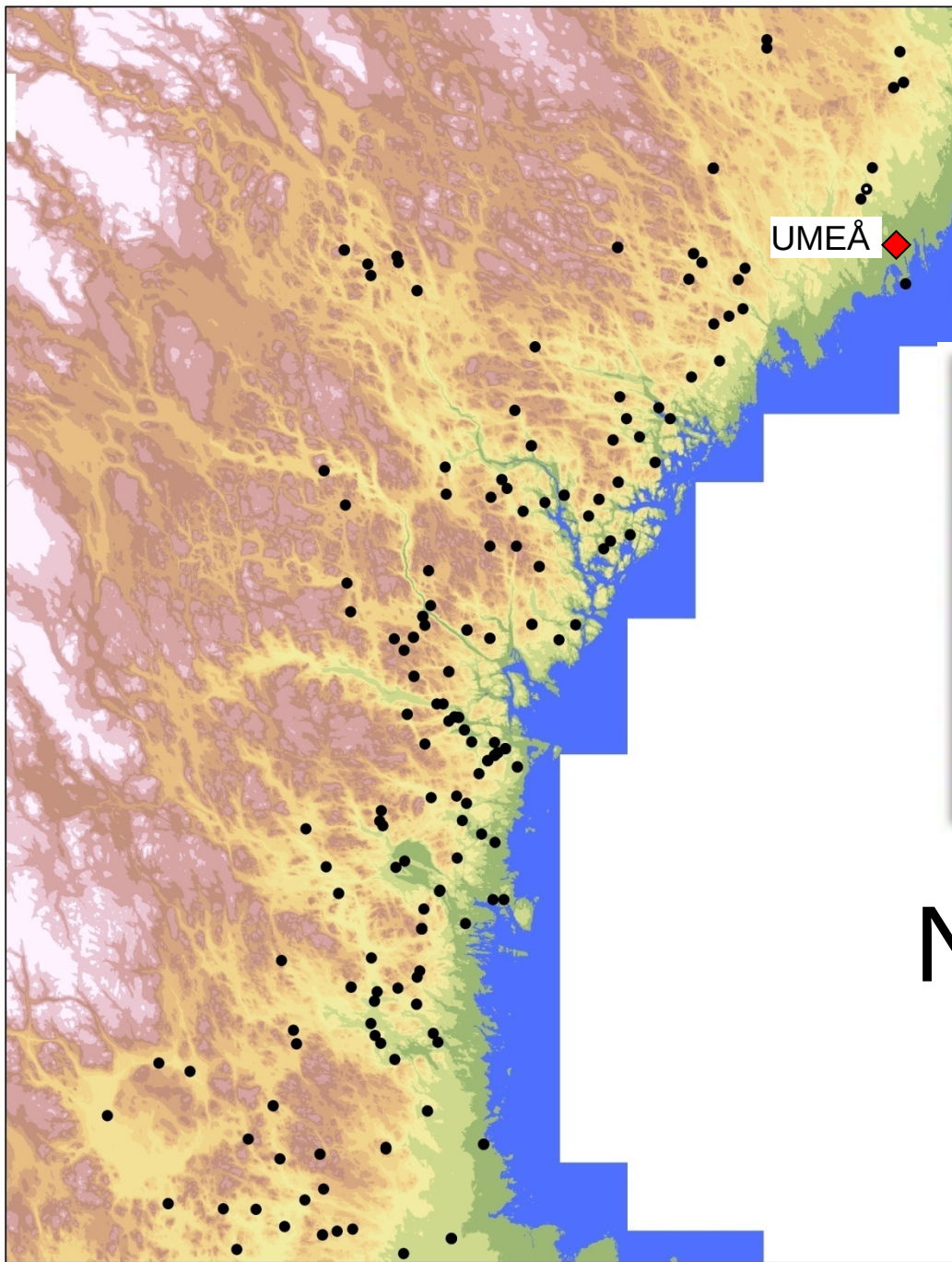
Kolonisationspräglade
samhällen

Extinktionspräglade
samhällen

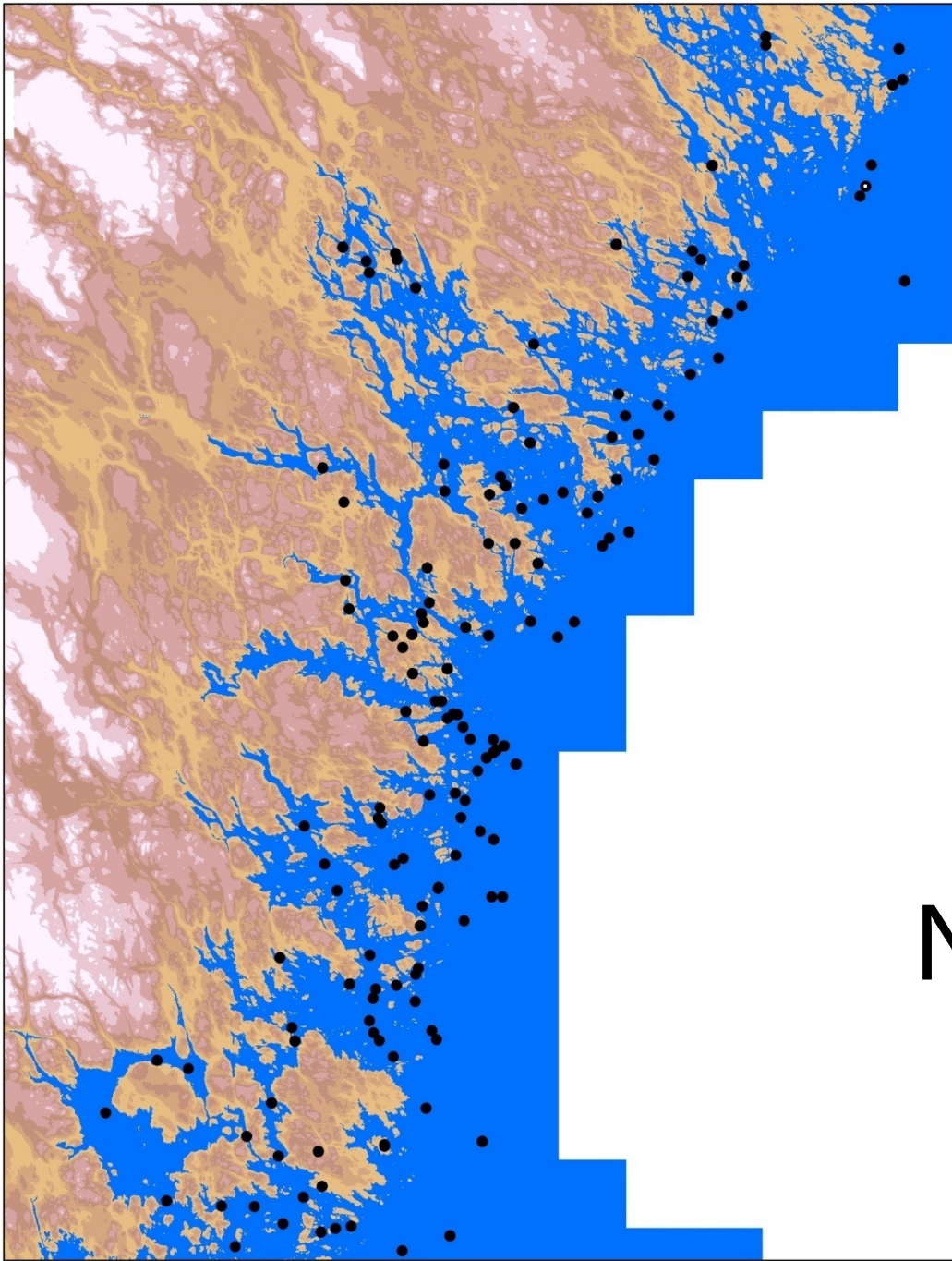


- Låg artrikedom
- Goda koloniserare
- Invaderbara samhällen

- Hög artrikedom
- Starka arter
- Resistenta samhällen



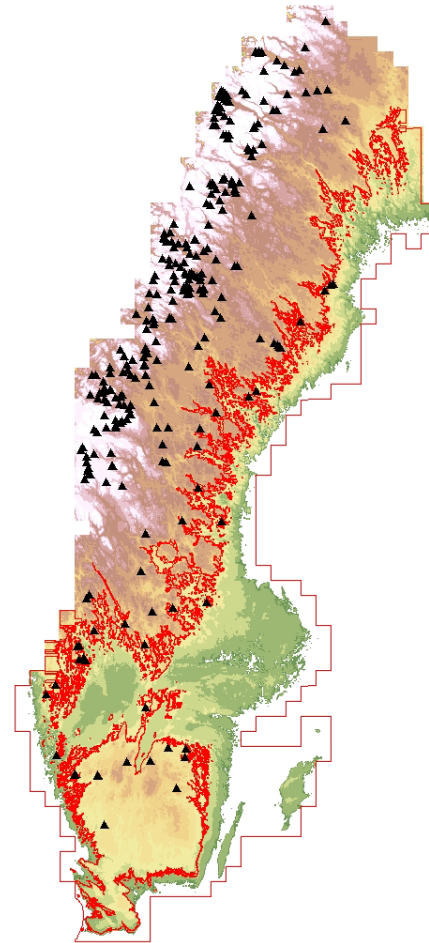
Nors

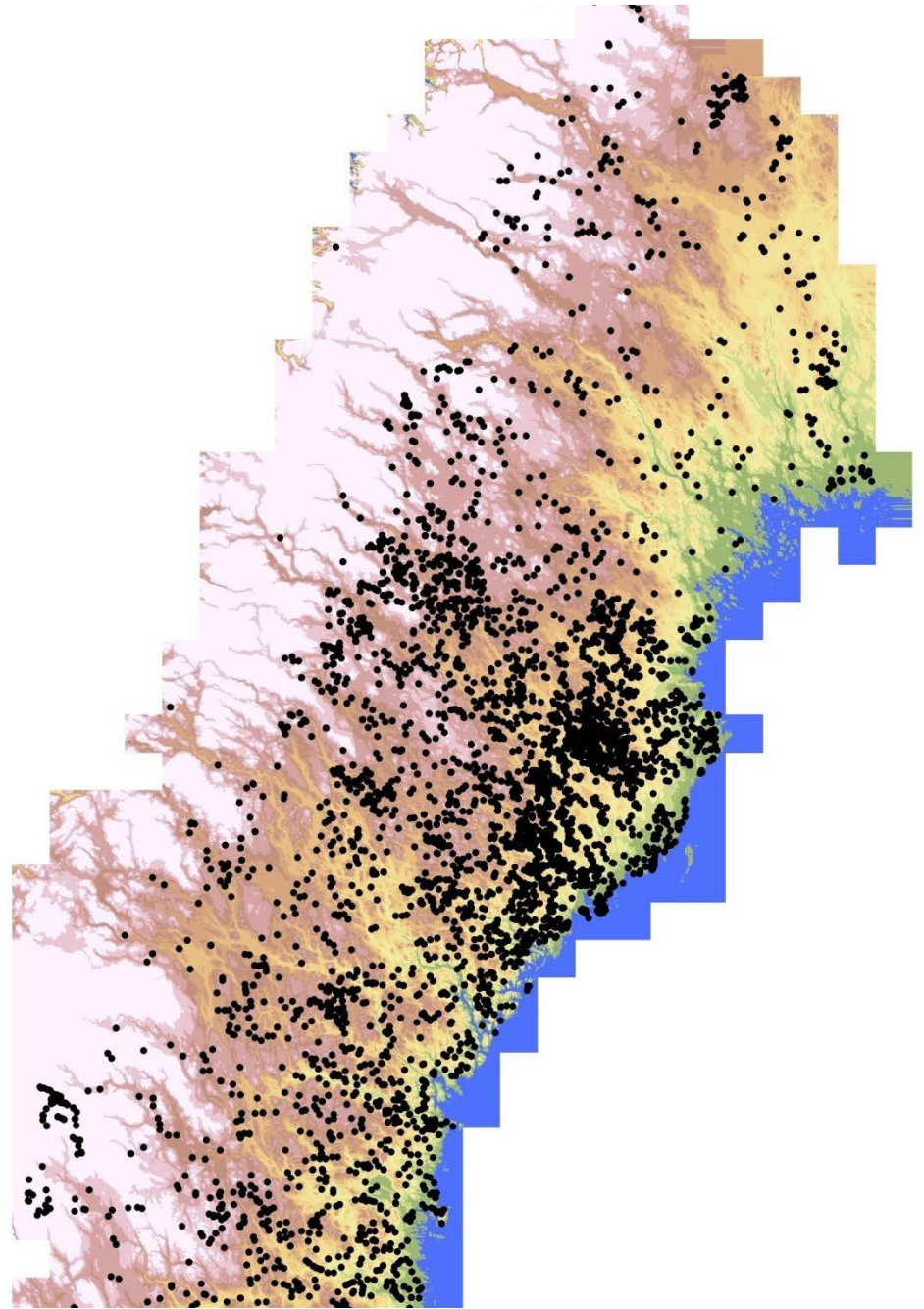


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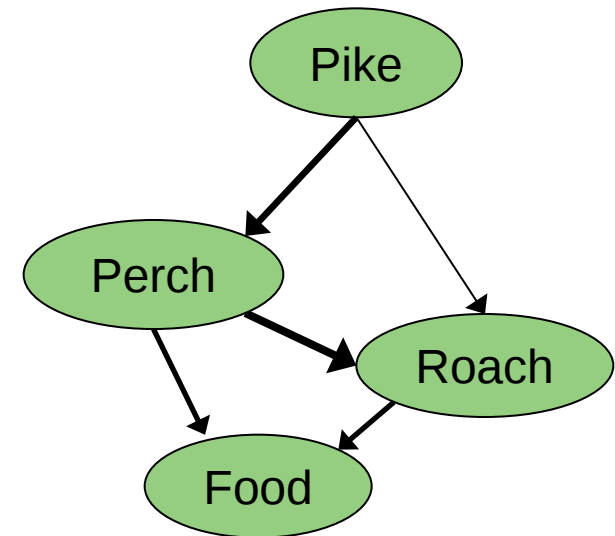
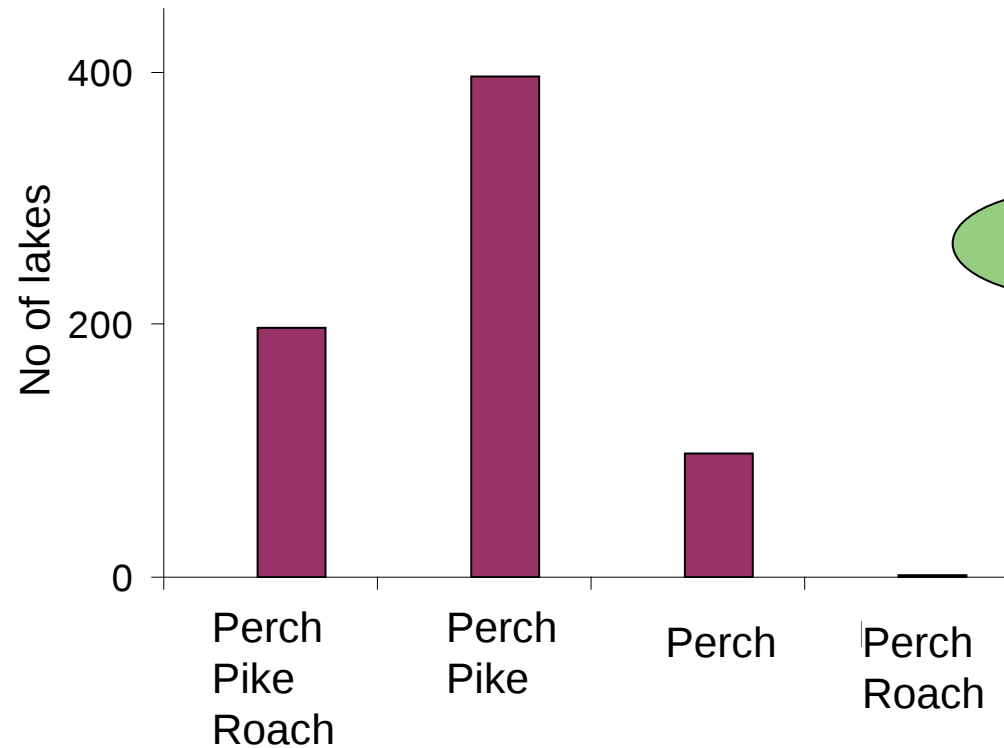
Röding

Varför fjällfisk i Sverige och kustfisk i Norge?

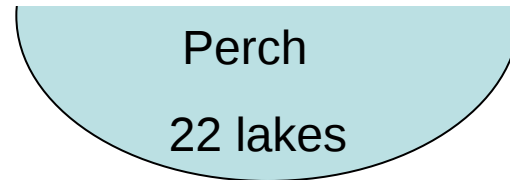
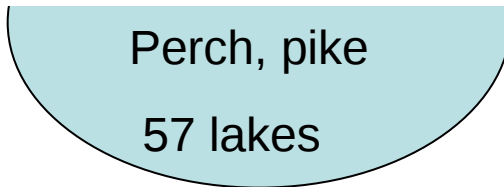
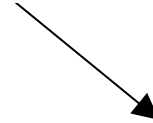
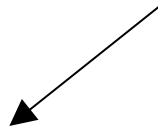
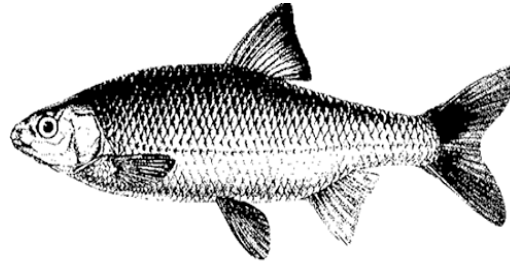




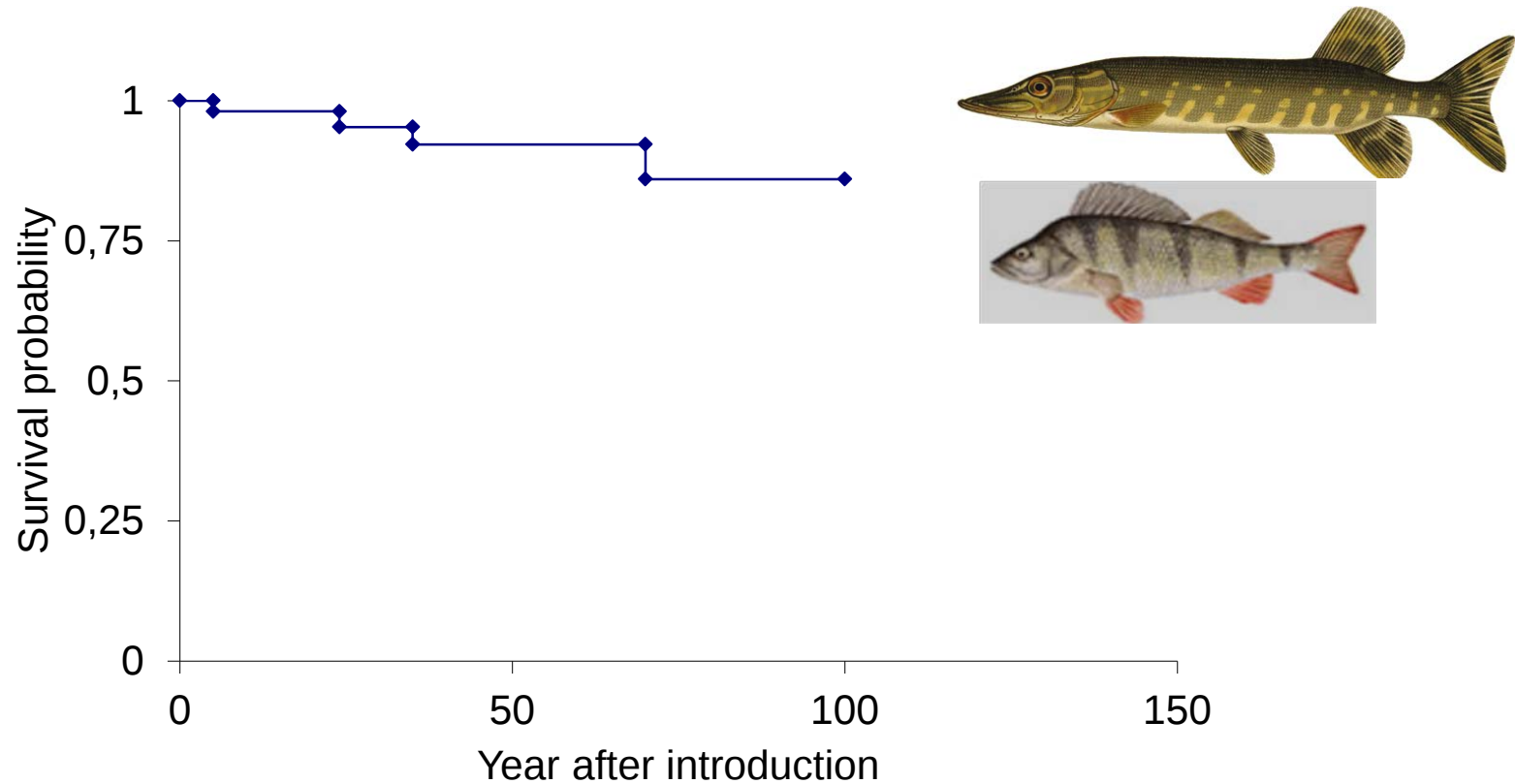
717 North Swedish lakes



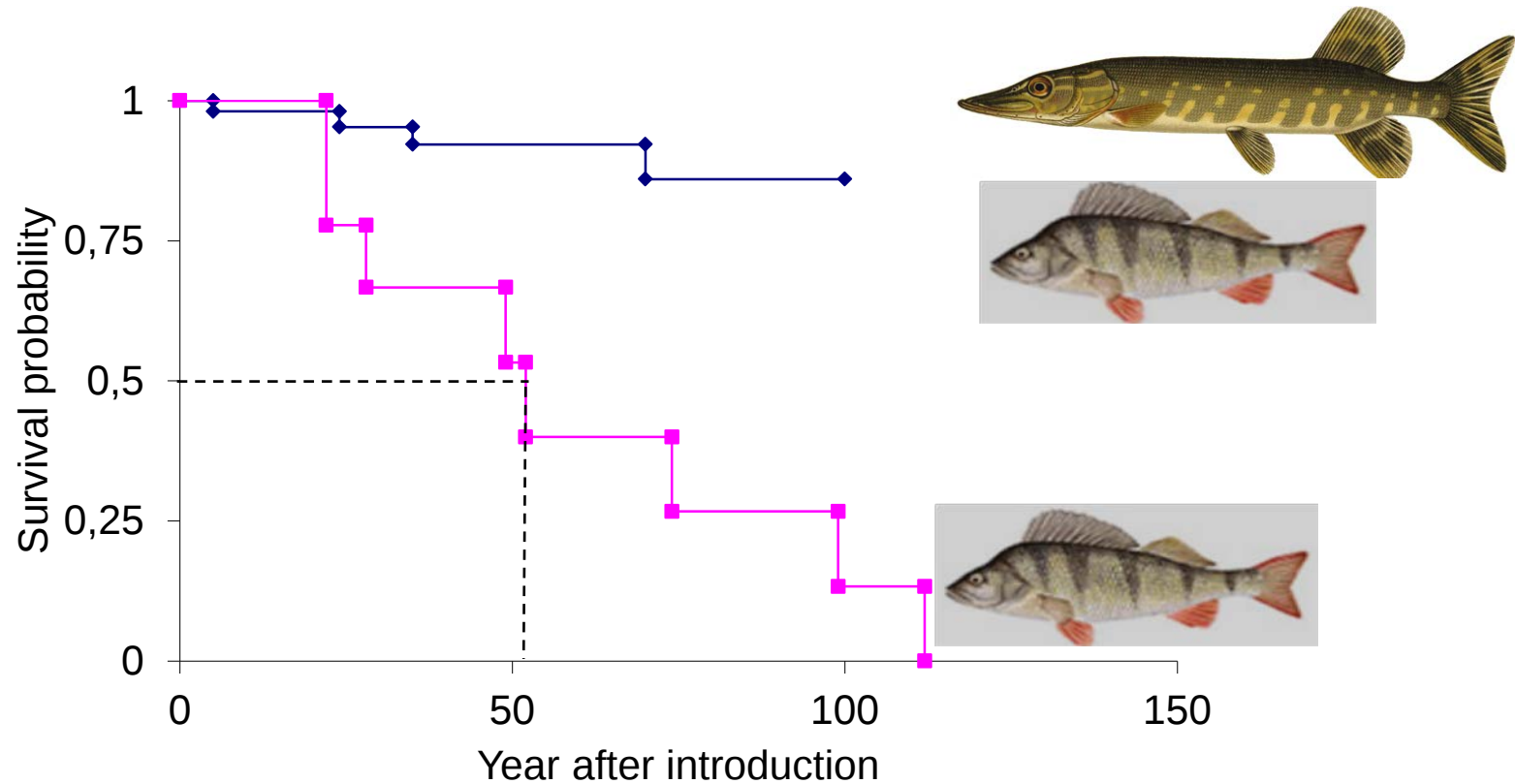
Introductions of roach



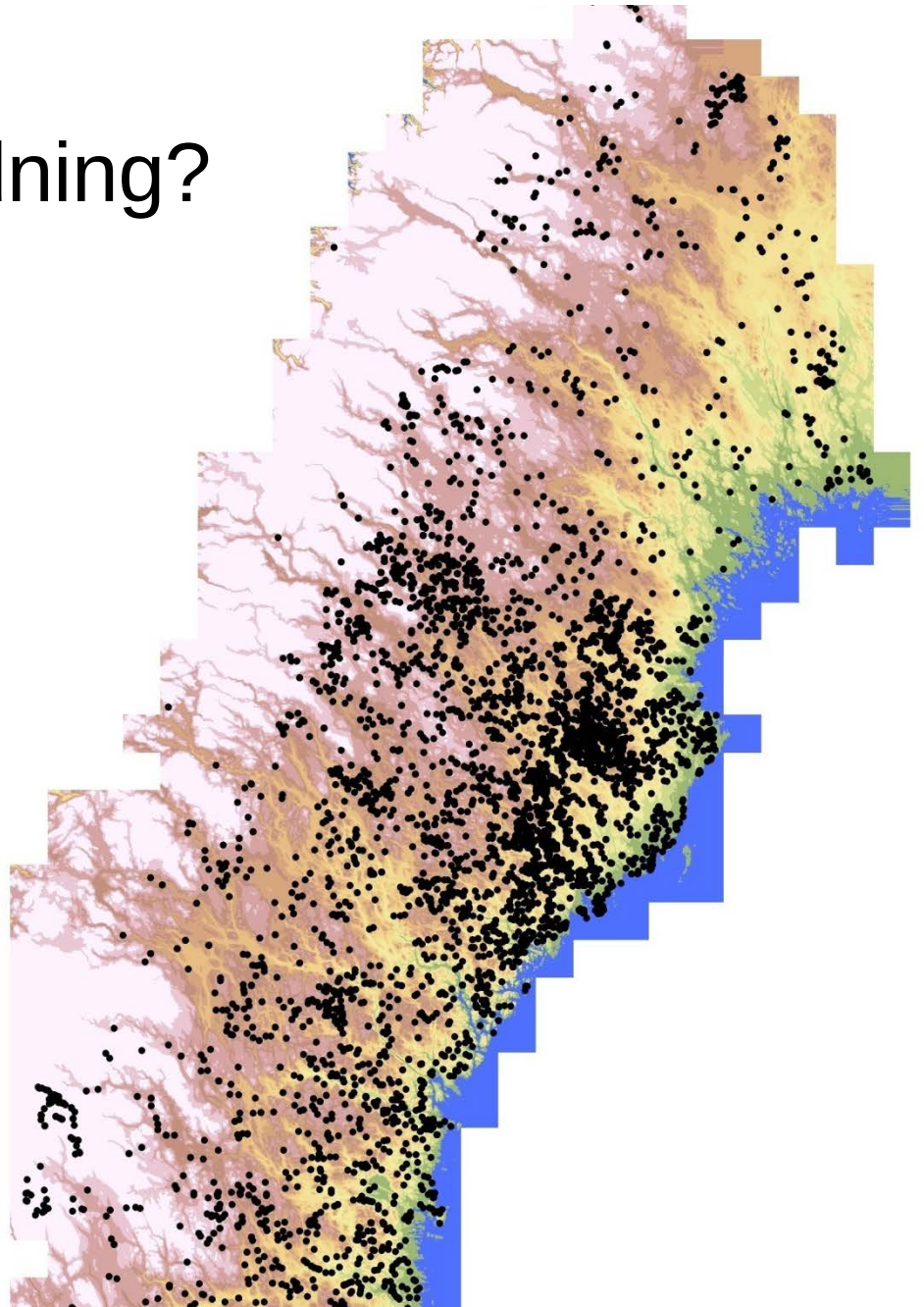
Introductions of roach



Introductions of roach



Klimatdriven gäddspridning?

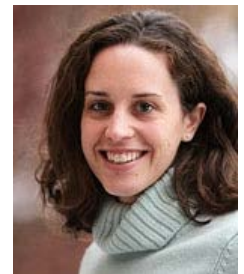
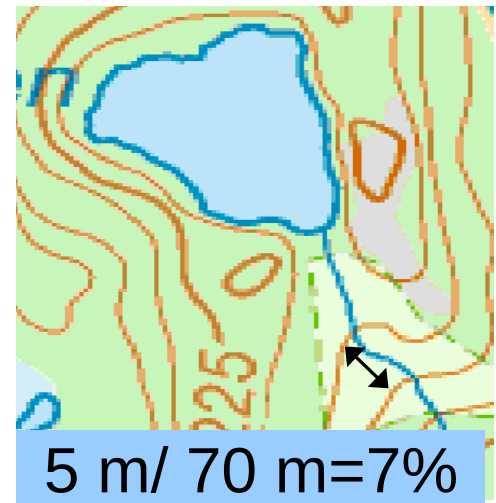


Modelling present distribution of pike

$$P = -0.65 + 0.070 * \text{Area} + 0.28 * \text{temp}$$

P=log odds

- Use model to predict future distribution by assuming increased temperature
- Only allow dispersal to accessible lakes



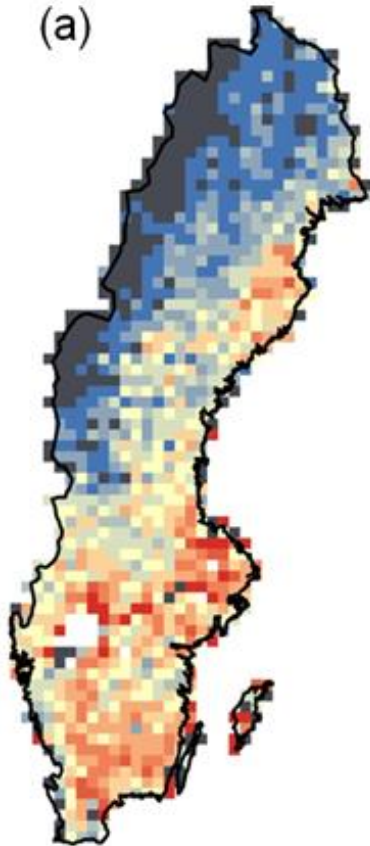
Katie Hein

Today

2090

2090 include
effect of barrier

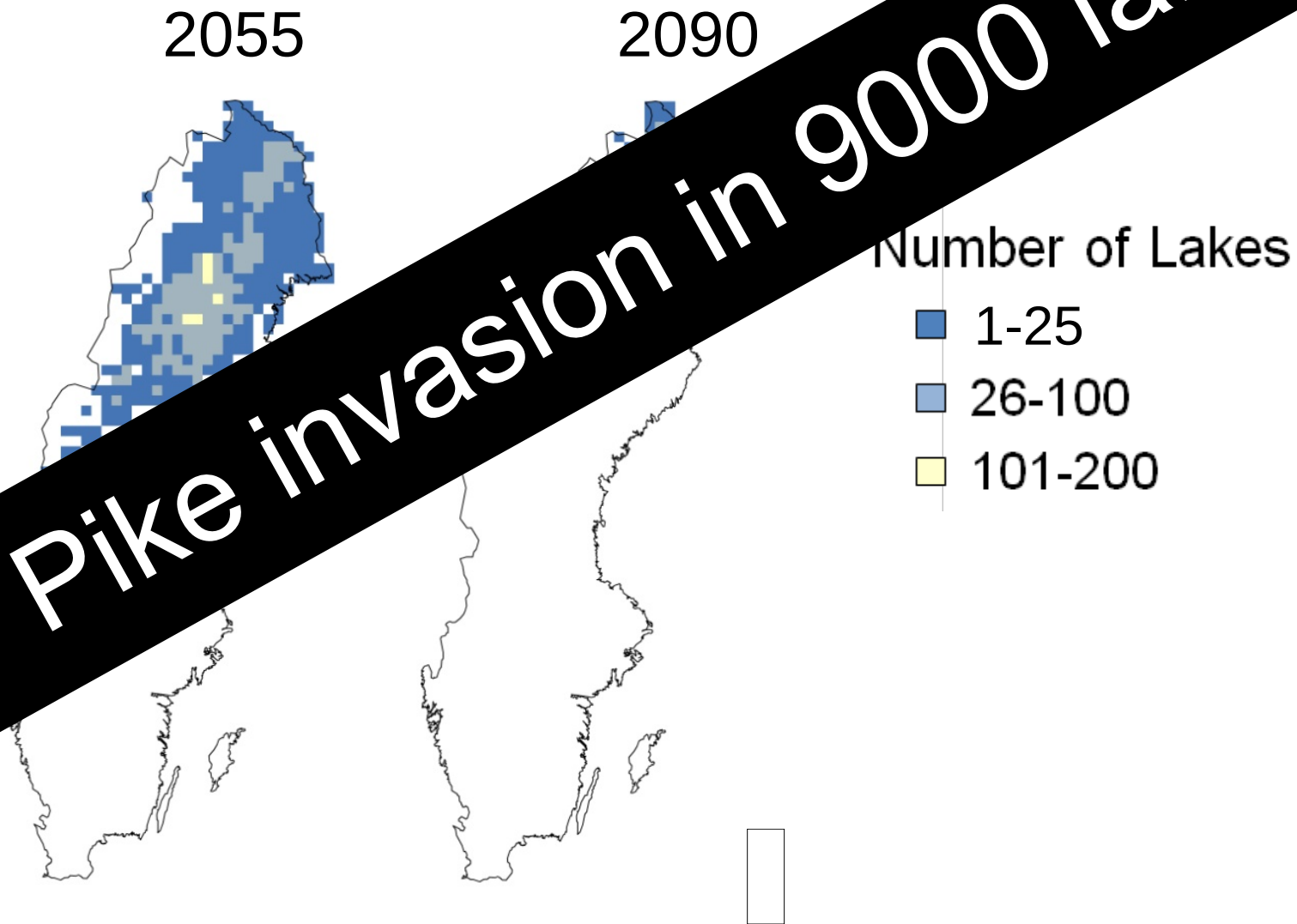
(a)



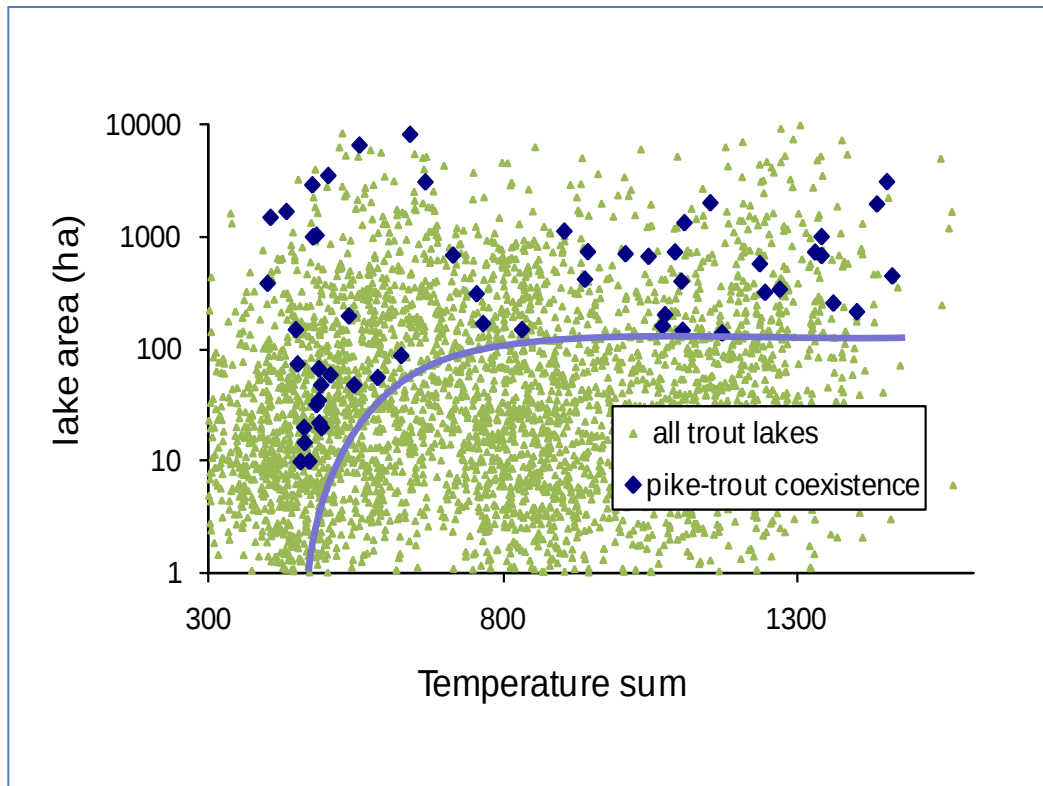
Percent pike lakes

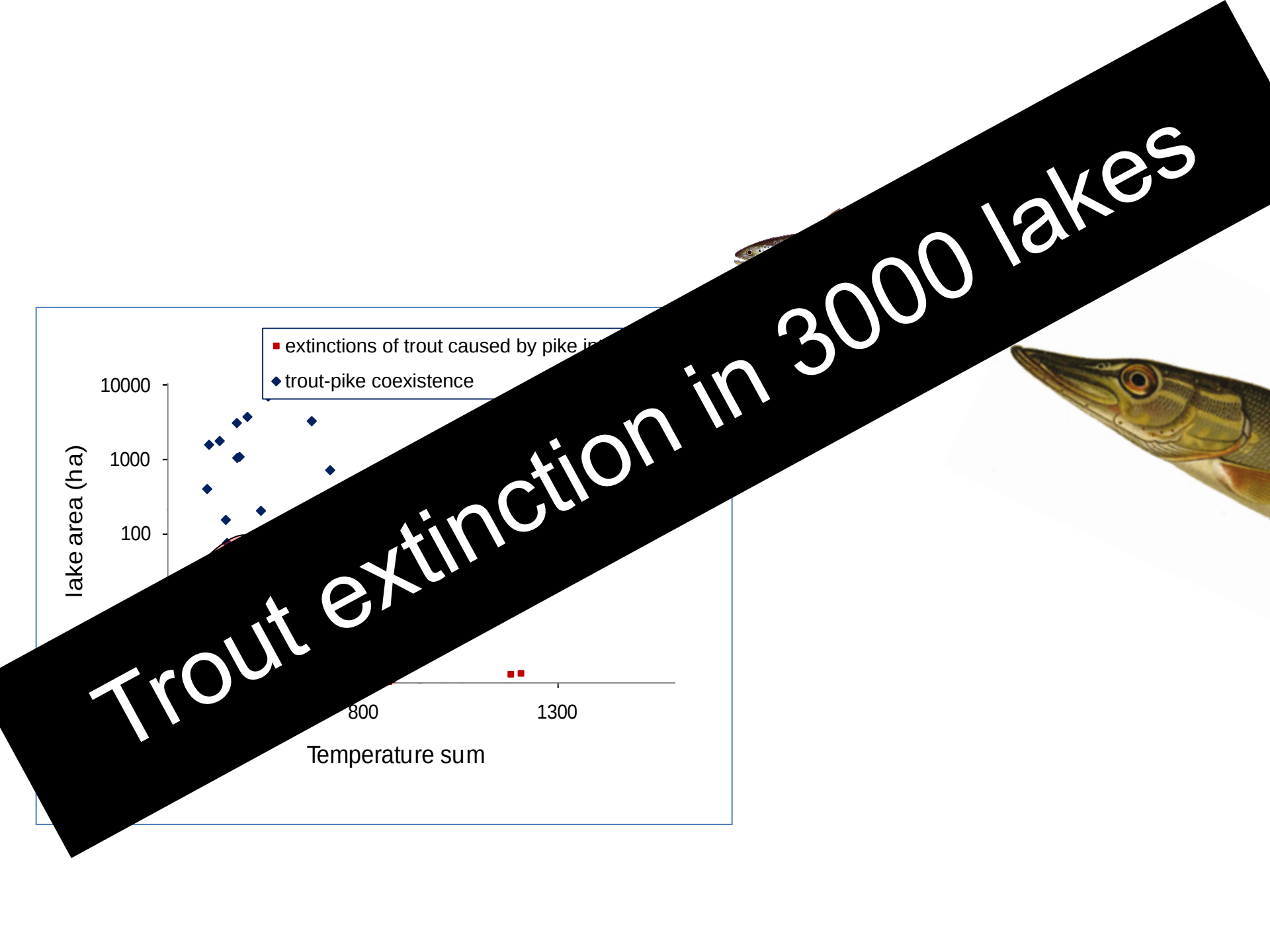


Pike invasion in 9000 lakes

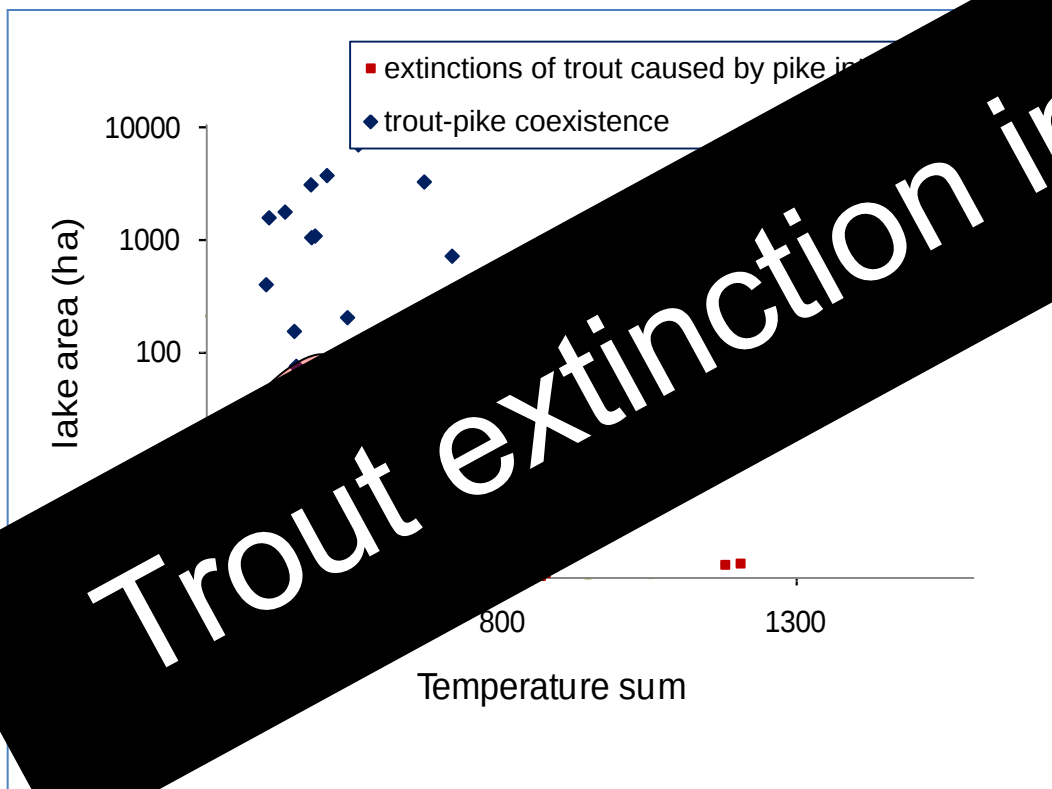


3000 lakes with brown trout will be invaded

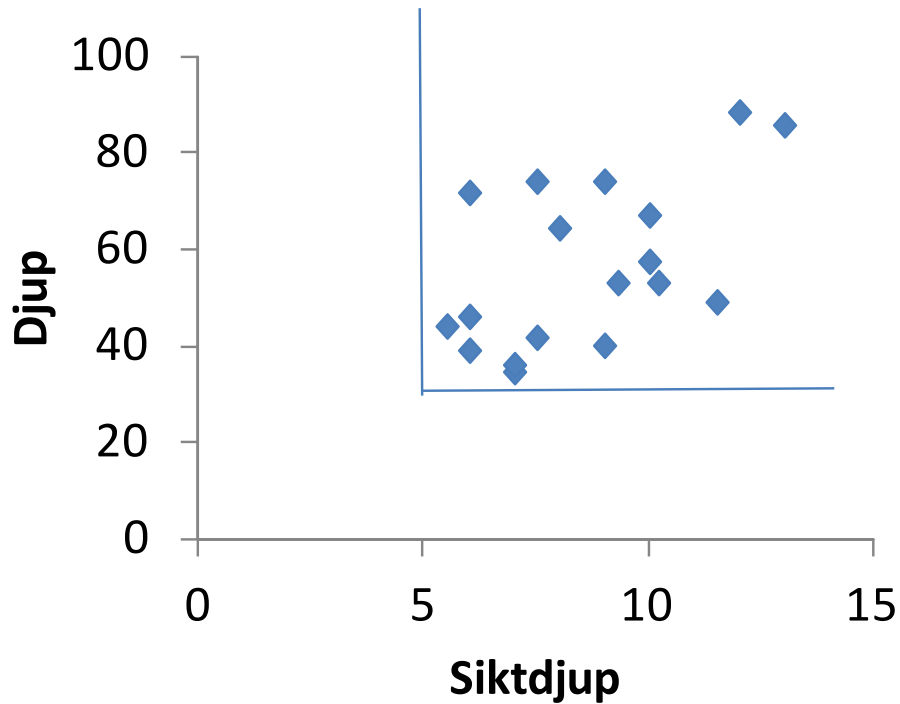




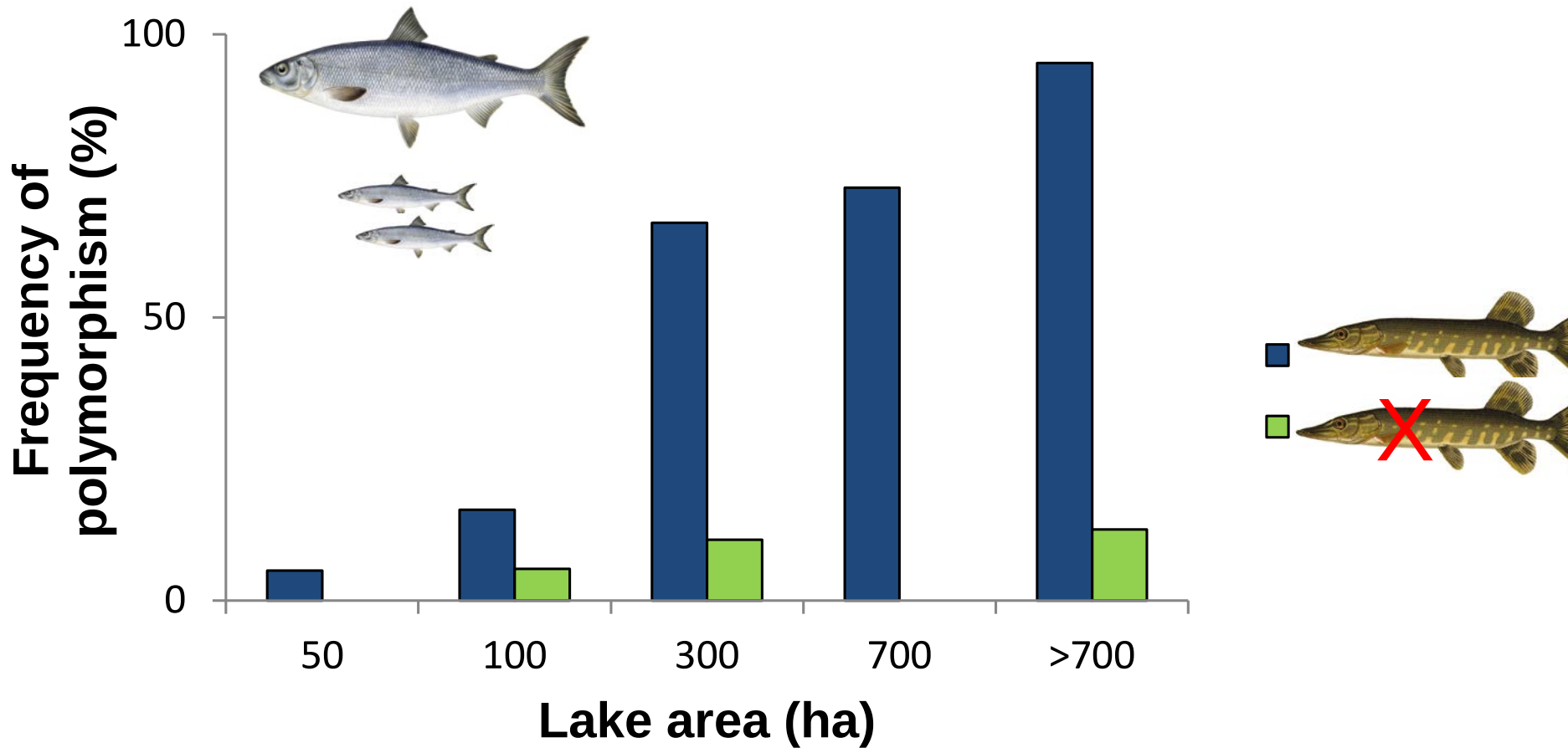
Trout extinction in 3000 lakes



Samexistensnisch röding-gädda

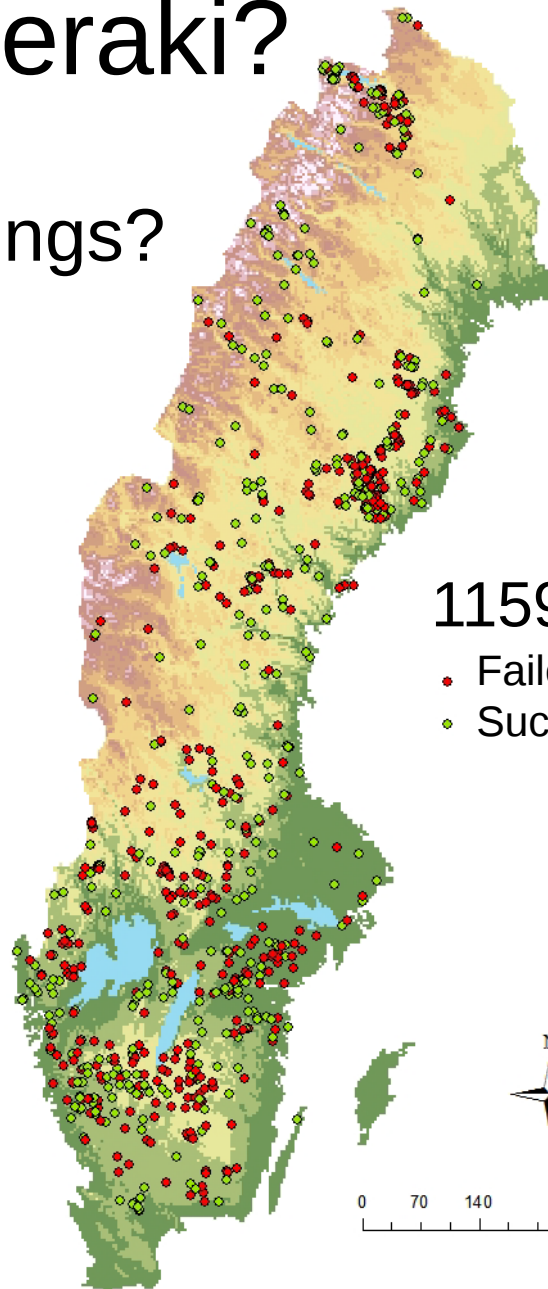
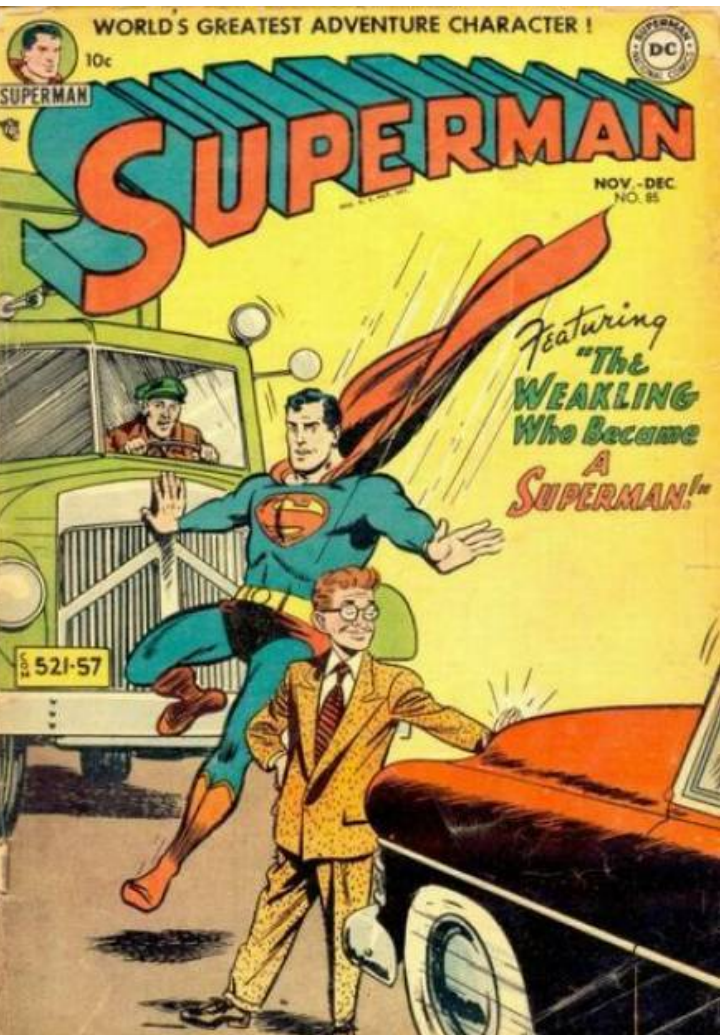


Artbildning hos sik drivs av gädda



Finns det en arthieraki?

Superspecies and weaklings?

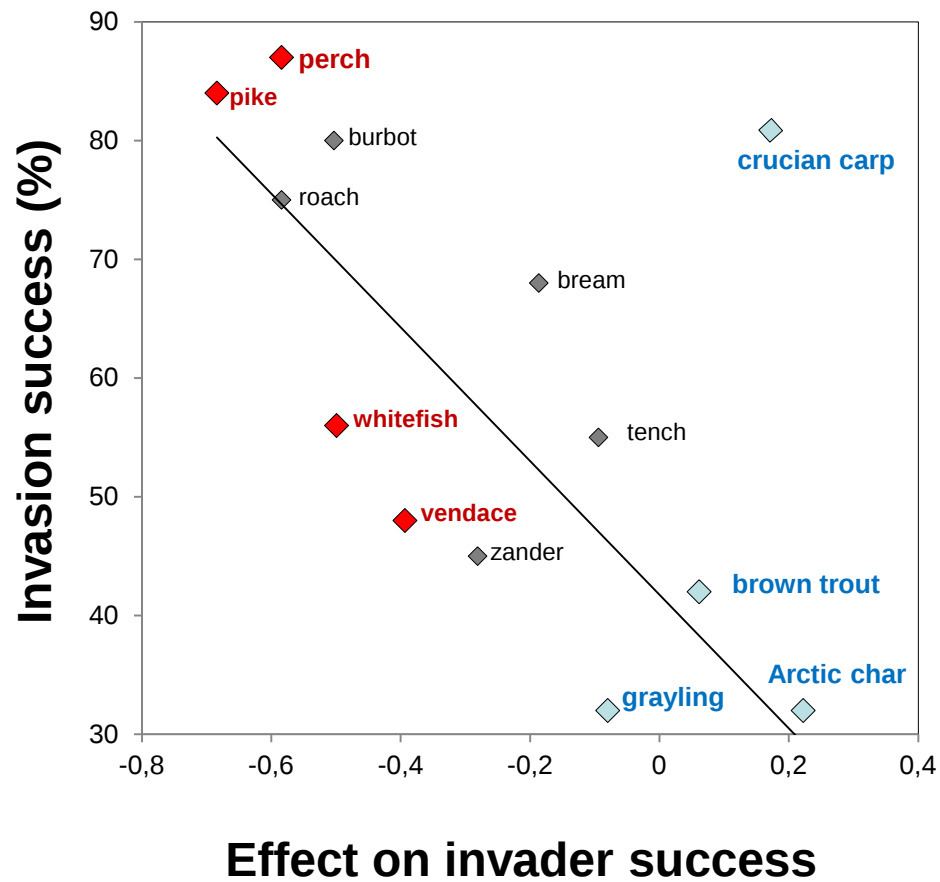


1159 Introduktioner

- Failed introductions
- Successful introductions

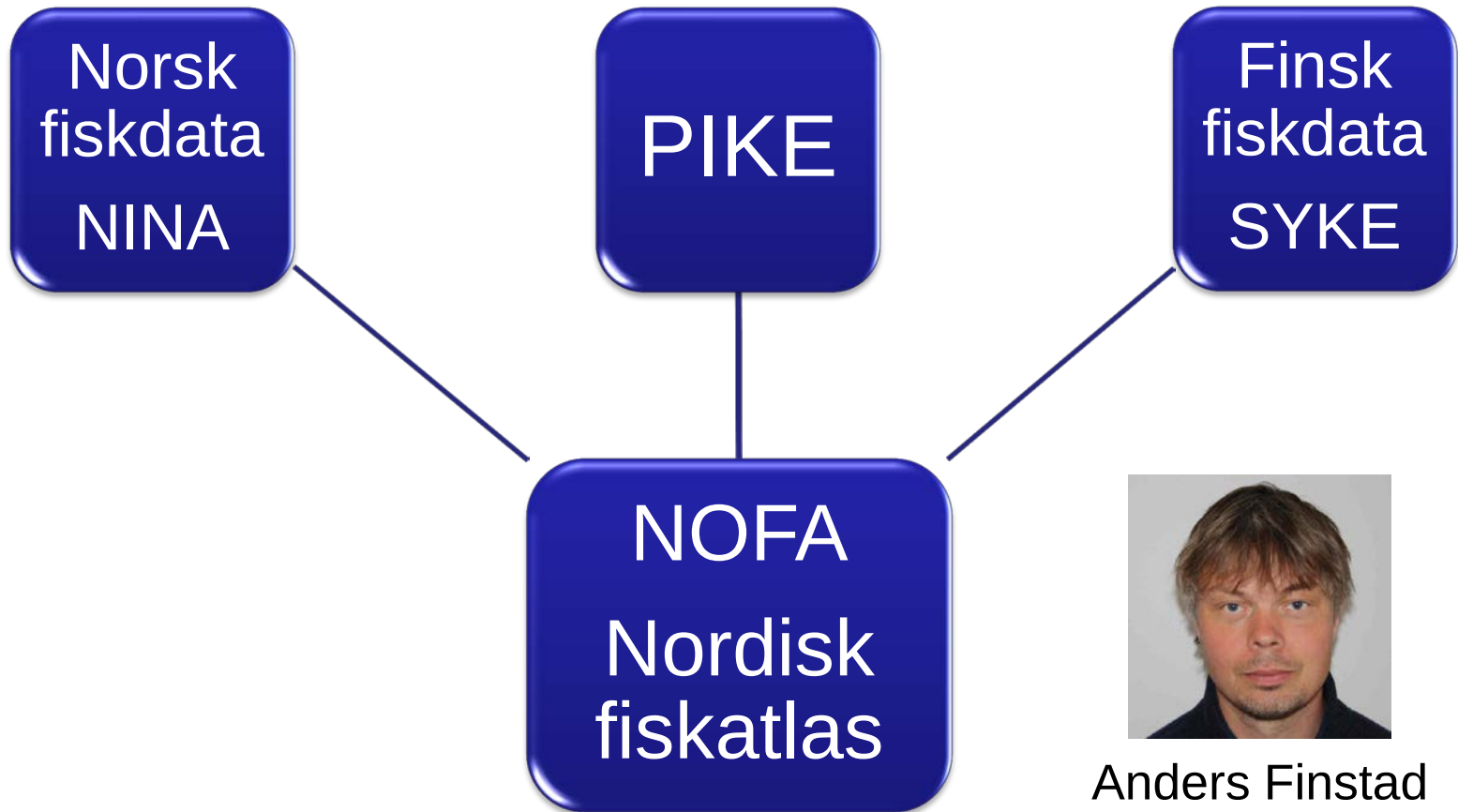
How to be a superspecies?

- Successful invader
- Resist invasions
- Cause extinctions when invading
- Persist when community is invaded



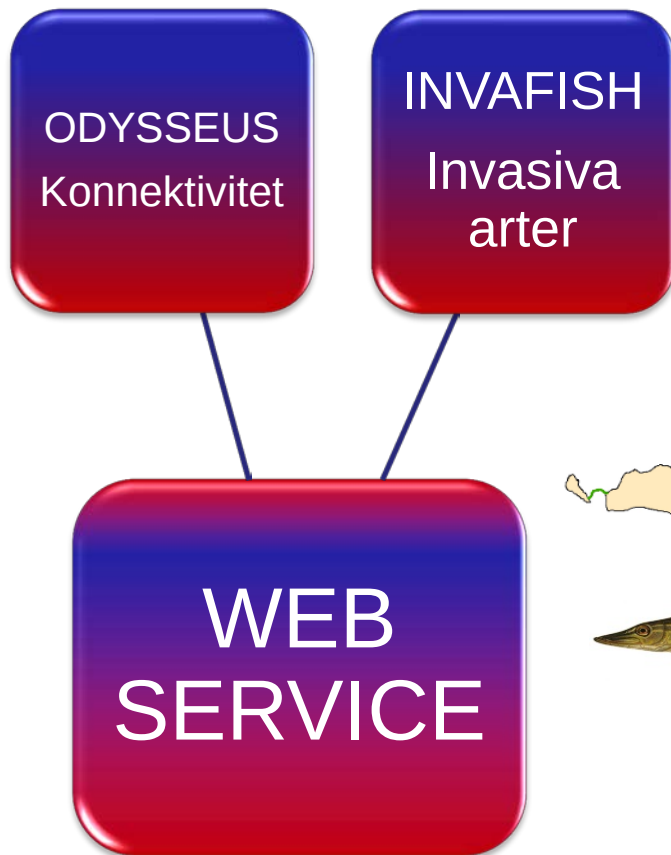
Gone extinct	no	pike perch whitefish vendace roach breem tench zander burbot
	yes	grayling brown trout Arctic char crucian carp
		yes no Caused extinctions

Relaterade projekt

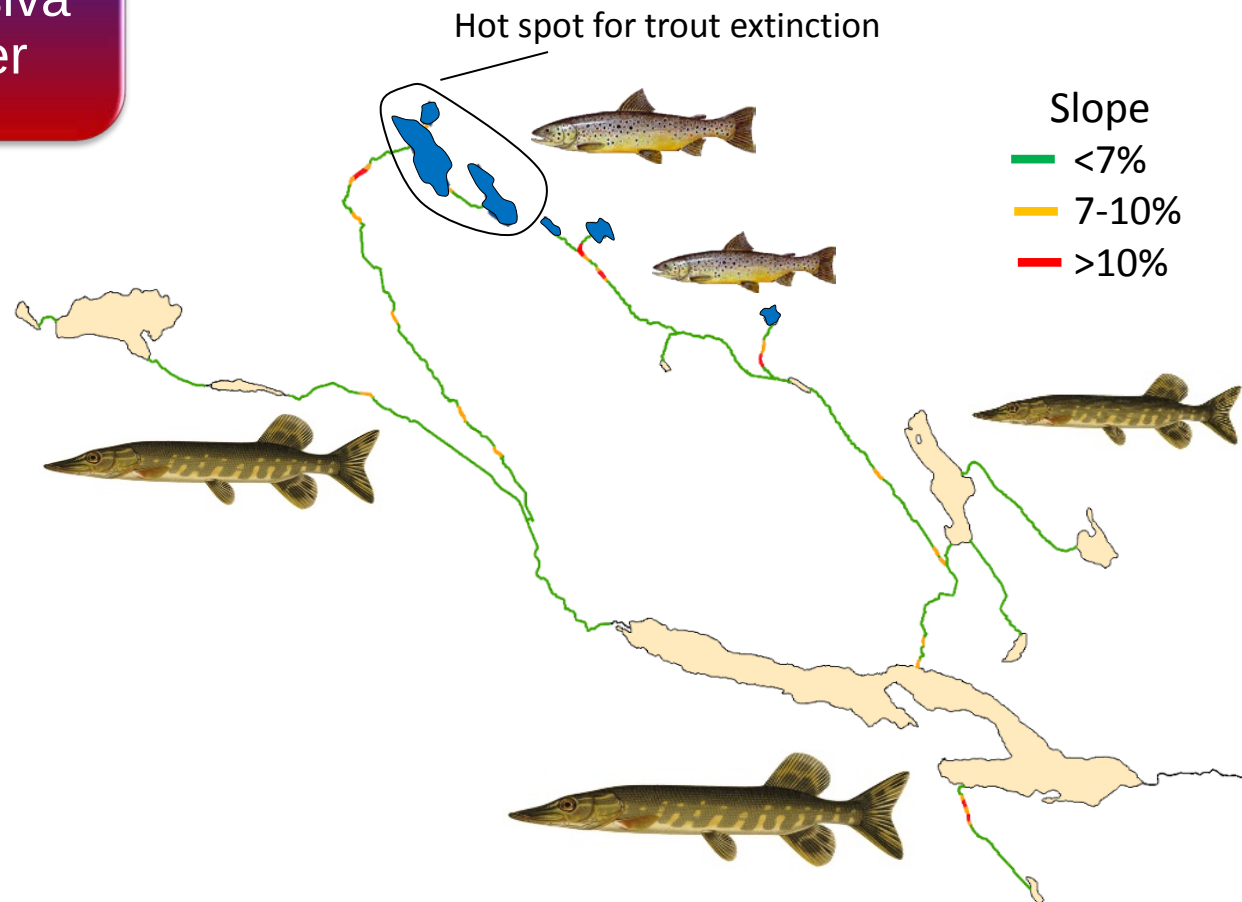


Anders Finstad
NTNU, Trondheim

Relaterade projekt



Dispersal barriers and risk hot spots



Hur får jag tillgång till PIKE?

- E-post till goran.englund@umu.se
- Introduktionsdata för 1000 sjöar laddas ner från Ecology
<http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1890/15-1707.1/abstract>
- Kommer snart:
 - PIKE på GBIF (månader)
 - Webservice (NOFA, betaversion om 2 år)

Referenser – fulltext finns på Researchgate

https://www.researchgate.net/profile/Goeran_Englund/contributions

1. Henriksson, A, Wardle, D., Trygg, J., Diehl, S. and **Englund, G.** 2016. Strong invaders are strong defenders – implications for the resistance of invaded communities. **Ecology Letters**, 19:487-494, **IF 13.0**. No of citations: 0
2. Henriksson, A, Yu, J., Trygg, J. Wardle, D.A., and **Englund, G.** 2016. Weighted species richness outperforms species richness as predictor of biotic resistance. **Ecology** 97:262-271. **IF 5.0**. No of citations: 1
3. Henriksson, A, Rydberg, C. and **Englund, G.** 2016. Failed and successful introductions of fish species into 821 Swedish lakes. **Ecology**. DOI: 10.1890/15-1707.1. **IF 5.0**. No of citations: 0
4. Öhlund, G., Hedström, P., Norman, S., and Hein, C.L., **Englund, G.** 2015. Temperature dependence of predation depends on the relative performance of predators and prey. **Proceedings of the Royal Society Ser. B**. Article no: 20142254. **IF 5.3**. No of citations: 2
5. Henriksson, A, Yu, J., Wardle, D.A., and **Englund, G.** 2014. Biotic resistance in freshwater fish communities: species richness, saturation or species identity? **Oikos** 124:1058-1064. **IF 3.6**. No of citations: 1
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10. Hein C, L., Öhlund G, Englund G. 2011. Dispersal through stream networks: modeling climate-driven range expansions of fishes. **Diversity and Distributions**, 17:641-651
11. Dessborn, L., Elmgren, J. and Englund, G. 2011. Pike predation on ducks: effects on habitat selection and breeding success. **Freshwater Biology** 56:579-589
12. Elmberg, J, Dessborn, L, Englund, G. 2010. Presence of fish affects lake use and breeding success in ducks. **Hydrobiologia** 641: 215-223.
13. Englund, G., Johansson, F., Olofsson, P., Salonsaari, J. Öhman, J. 2009. Predation leads to assembly rules in fragmented fish communities. **Ecology Letters** 12:663 – 671
14. Spens, J., Englund, G. and Lundqvist, H. 2007. The role of network connectivity and dispersal barriers: using GIS to predict landscape scale distribution of a key predator (*Esox lucius*) in temperate lakes. **Journal of Applied Ecology** 44:1127-1137
15. Öhman, J., Buffam, I., Englund, G., Blom, A., Lindgren, E., and Laudon, H. 2006. Associations between water chemistry and fish species distribution a comparison between isolated and connected lakes in northern Sweden. **Freshwater Biology** 51:510-522

PIKE – en fiskdatabas



Databasutveckling

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Forskningsprojekt

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